Techniques needed and shape

Classification
*Descriptive name
Features

















Phylum: Rhodophyta; Order: Gigartinales; Family: Phyllophoraceae gristly fine threads

- 1. plants 10-40mm tall, red-brown, bleaching yellow
- 2. branches *gristly*, irregularly branched or partly forked, *wiry*, about 0.4mm across
- 3. mature female structures (cystocarps) form minute swellings in the upper branches

Victoria and N Tasmania

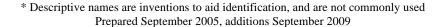
on rock in intertidal pools or shallow water

- 1. cut a cross section to find a core (medulla) of *large*, *egg-shaped* cells in vague rows with numerous cross-connections and outer layers (cortex) of *strings* of 3-8 *small* outward facing cells
- 2. if possible cut a cross section through a cystocarp to find central *star-shaped* cells and separate bunches of carposporangia in the medulla

Gymnogongrus griffithsieae, but *A. fastigiata* is more cylindrical and no warty blisters containing tetrasporangia are present

Description in the Benthic Flora Part IIIA, pages 265–266

Details of Anatomy 50 µm 50 µm měd co 100 µm 2. Cross sections of Ahnfeltiopsis fastigiata stained blue and viewed microscopically, showing: 1. large core cells (medulla, med) in vague rows and outer chains of small cells (cortex, co) (A18391 slide 7897) a cystocarp embedded in the medulla of a slightly compressed branch, with star-shaped cells (stellate cell, st c) visible amongst the bunches of carposporangia (ca sp) (A18391 slide 7897) detail of part of a cystocarp (A27731 slide 12179)







4, 5. Two magnifications of drift plants of Ahnfeltiopsis fastigiata Lewis & Womersley (A62428) from Port Lonsdale, Victoria