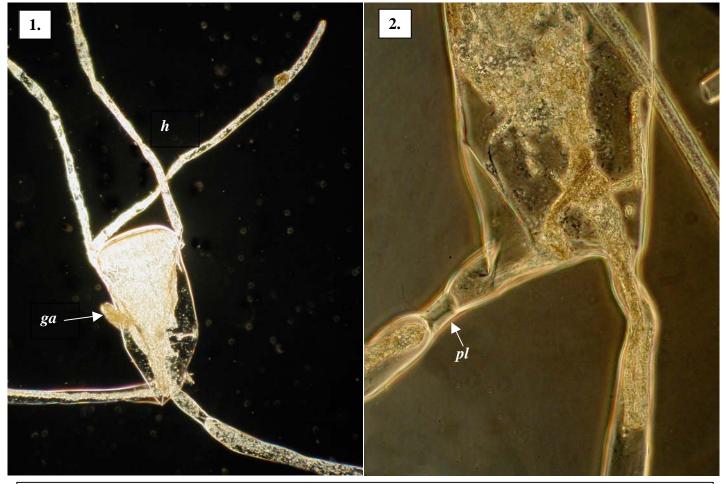
*Codium apiculatum* Silva Chacana& Womersley the Bonthic Flo

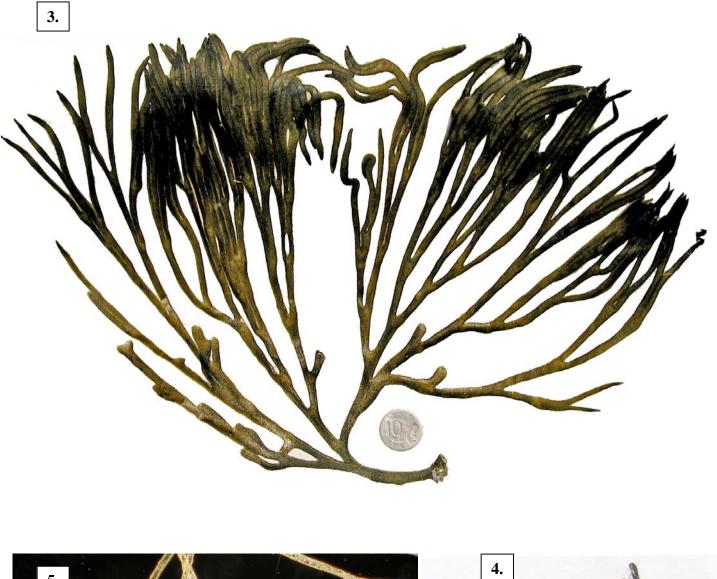
(not in the Benthic Flora)	
Techniques needed and plant sha	pe MACRO PLANT forked ubular of tubular
Classification	Phylum: Chlorophyta; Order: Bryopsidales; Family: Codiaceae
*Descriptive name	deep water velvet fork-weed
Features	plants yellow-green, to 300mm tall, branches cylindrical, rubbery with a velvety surface, 3-6 mm in diameter, forked <i>many</i> times tapering gradually towards bullet-nosed or sometimes pointed tips
Special requirements	shave off or tease out a few of the microscopic, flask-shaped outer structures (utricles) and view them under the microscope. Utricles are squat, flat with a slightly thickened wall at the top and paired threads basally containing an internal constriction (plug) a little distant from the base
Occurrences	W. Australia? Gulf waters and West Coast islands, S Australia
Usual Habitat	on rock at depth (to 25m)
Similar Species	<i>Codium harveyi</i> , which has similar utricles, but branches are much narrower in that species
Description in the Benthic Flora	not recorded

50.620

## **Details of Anatomy**



Preserved (bleached) specimens of Codium nuytsianum (A69496) viewed microscopically at different magnifications 1. utricle showing slight apical wall thickening (arrowed), a reproductive organ (gametangium, ga) and hairs (h) 2. utricle near its base showing a plug (pl) a short distance from the start of the basal thread







- 3, 4. Codium apiculatum Silva, Chacana & Womersley (69496) from Althorpe I., S. Australia
  - 3. habit
  - 4. detail of the narrow tips from which the species gets its name
- 5. shaving from a branch surface viewed microscopically, highlighting the squat shape of utricles and thin cell walls

\* Descriptive names are inventions to aid identification, and are not commonly used "Algae Revealed" R N Baldock, S Australian State Herbarium, September 2003