Codium spinescens Silva & Womersley

Techniques needed and plant shape

Classification

*Descriptive name

Features

Special requirements



Occurrences

Usual Habitat

Similar Species

1.



forked (dichotomous)

Phylum: Chlorophyta; Order: Bryopsidales; Family: Codiaceae

slender forked velvet-weed

plants bright green, to 200mm tall, branches cylindrical, *slender* \approx 3mm in diameter, rubbery with velvety surface, *regularly* forked many times

shave off or tease out a few of the microscopic, flask-shaped outer structures (utricles) and view them under the microscope. Utricles flask-shaped, 470-680µm long and 80-270µm in diameter, with a large, hollow terminal point, paired threads basally with inward constriction (plug)

southern W Australia to the Head of the Great Australian Bight, and Pt Gawler S Australia on rock from shallow water to 33m deep

Codium fragile but that species has thicker branches, and a swollen attachment pad. Microscopic investigation of the utricles easily separates the species.

Description in the Benthic Flora Part I, pages 237, 239-240



1. Preserved (bleached) specimens of Codium spinescens (A59904) viewed microscopically showing detail of the characteristic pointed tip of a utricle, showing the small chamber (ch) inside, and layering (la) of the cell wall





- 2. *Codium spinescens* Silva **in** Womersley, (A59904) cast up at Pt Gawler, S Australia
- cluster of utricles and hairs (*h*)` from a shaving of the plant surface of a preserved (bleached) specimen



^{*} Descriptive names are inventions to aid identification, and are not commonly used "Algae Revealed" R N Baldock, S Australian State Herbarium