Dictyosphaeria sericea Harvey



Techniques needed and plant shape

Classification

*Descriptive name

Features

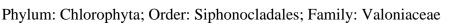
Special requirements

Occurrences **Usual Habitat**

Similar Species

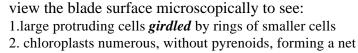
Description in the Benthic Flora Part I, pages 222-224 **Details of Anatomy**

1.



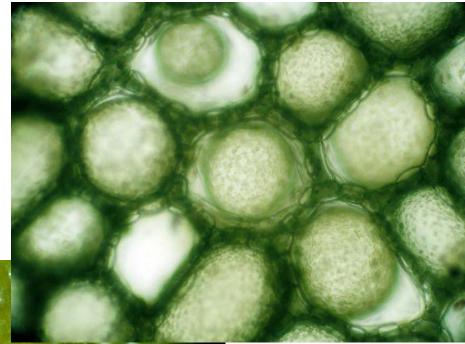
marine ice-plant; [§]liverwort seaweed

plants consist of shallow, stiff, cup-shaped or wavy blades, 1-cell thick, attached beneath by rhizoids, with many large, cells protruding from the surface, giving blades a *glistening* appearance

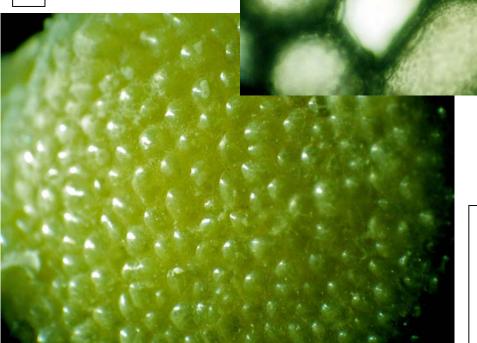


Rottnest I. W.A. to Victoria and N coast of Tasmania in shaded parts of the lower intertidal, to deep water on rough coasts

readily separated from small plants of Ulva (Sea lettuce) because of its stiff texture, and unusual mixture of large cells just visible to the unaided eye, held together by a network of microscopic cells



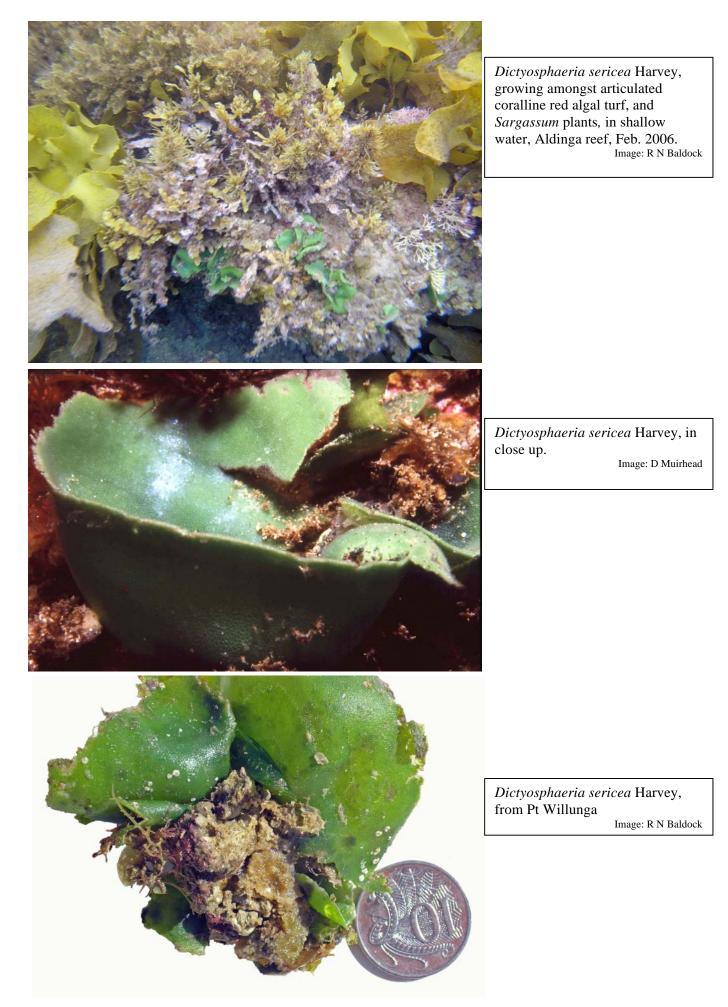
2.



Surface microscope views of *Dictyosphaeria sericea* (A53381) from Victor Harbor, S Australia 1. large cells held together by a rings of smaller cells forming

2. protruding cells, just visible to the unaided eye that catch the light

ouve names are inventions to an identification, and are not commonly used § name used in Edgar, G. Australian Marine Life, 2nd Ed. (2008) "Algae Revealed" R N Baldock, S Australian State Herbarium, October 2003



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