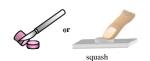
Techniques needed and shape

Classification
*Descriptive name
Features

Occurrences Usual Habitat Similar Species





MACRO PLANT



Phylum: Rhodophyta; Order: Gigartinales; Family: Halymeniaceae mottled, many-lobed red blades

plants are red, 100-300mm tall, with slippery, *mottled*, puckered *lobed* blades arising from a small stalk (stipe)

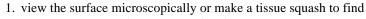
Eucla, W Australia to Victoria and around Tasmania

from shallow to deep water on open coasts under shaded rock ledges

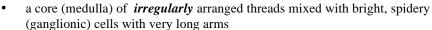
Halymenia muelleri but *H. plana* is more lobed and cells of the outer layer (cortex) are more compact

Description in the Benthic Flora Part IIIA, pages 194-196

Special Requirements



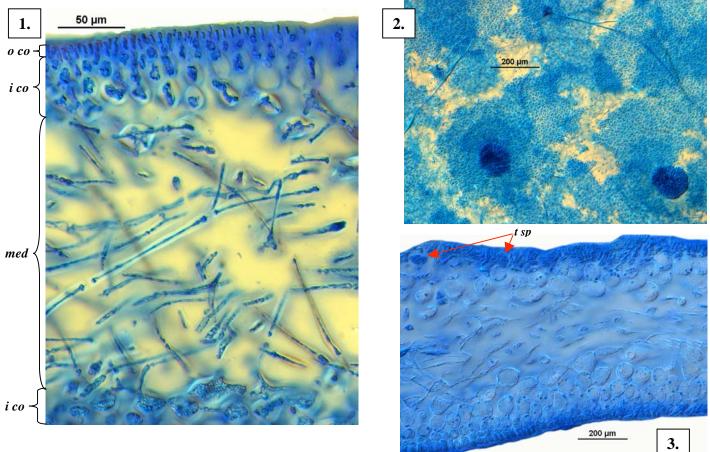
- prominent *mottling*, spidery, *bright* (refractive) ganglionic cells, *compact* surface (cortical) cells
- numerous small spots (ampullae) in females
- scattered, tiny cross-shaped (cruciate) tetrasporangia in sporangial plants
- 2. a cross section or tissue squash of a blade shows:



 outer (cortex) layers of inner, compact, larger cells mainly equal-sided (parenchymatous) and single outer layer of small cells facing outwards

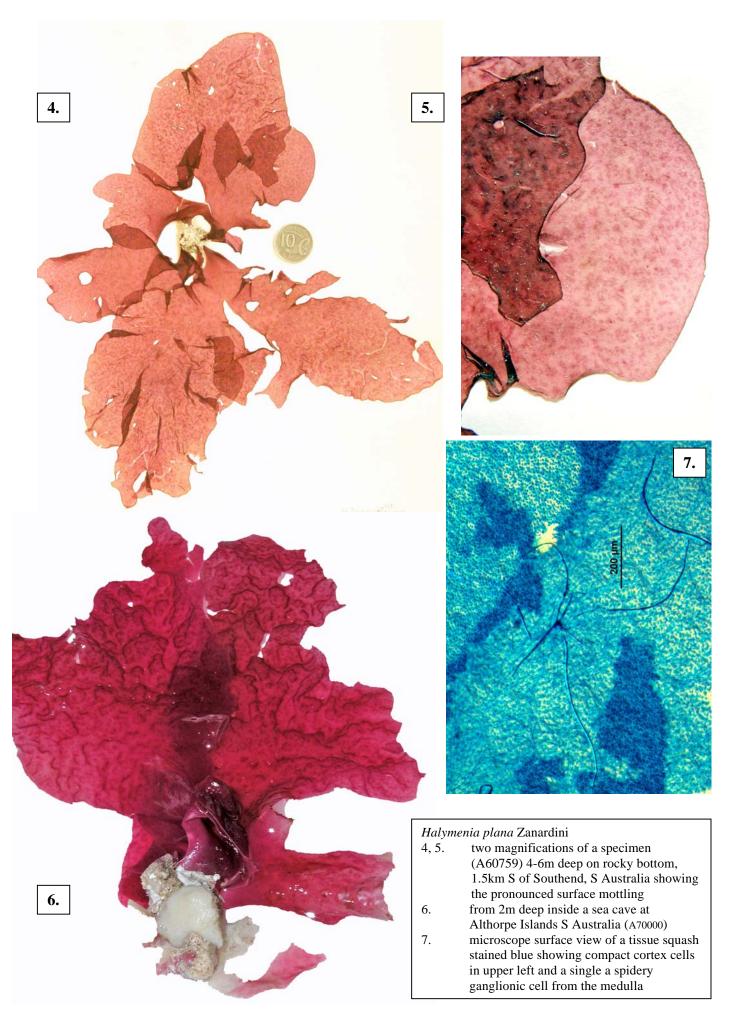






Halymenia plana stained blue and viewed by interference microscopy to contrast cell details:

- 1. cross section showing the core (medulla, *med*) of irregular threads and outer layer of inner, larger *parenchymatous* cells (inner cortex, *i co*) and *single row* of small cells on the surface (outer cortex, *o co*) (A21208 slide 11792)
- 2. tissue squash, surface view, showing patches of tiny compact outer (cortical) cells, 2 spidery bright (refractive) ganglionic cells from the core (medulla) and 2 post-fertilisation structures (carposporophytes) with compact sporangia (A30585 slide 11793)
- 3. cross section with tetrasporangia (t sp) in the cortex (A60757 slide 11959)



Descriptive names are inventions to aid identification, and are not commonly used.

Prepared October 2009