Kallymenia cribrogloea Womersley & Norris

Techniques needed and shape

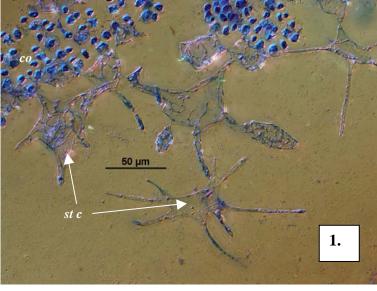
Classification *Descriptive name Features

Occurrences **Usual Habitat Special requirements**

Similar Species

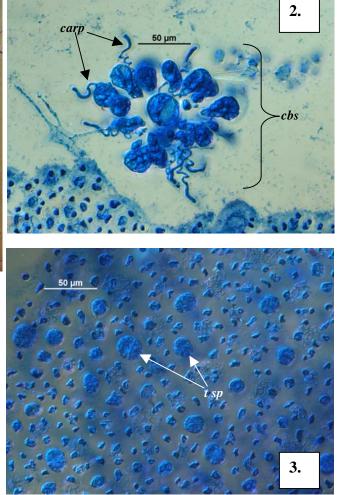
single carpogonia in each carpogonial branch system

Description in the Benthic Flora Part IIIA, pages 232-234 **Details of Anatomy**



Squashes of Kallymenia cribrogloea (A34764) stained blue and viewed microscopically showing:

- star-shaped (stellate) cells (st c) some ending in thin 1. arms from the core (medulla) of the blade and small, angular outermost (cortex) cells (co) (slide 2937).
- 2. a young female structure (cbs) with 8 carpogonia ending in corkscrew shaped trichogynes (slide 2937)
- surface view of tetrasporangia (t sp) amongst angular 3. cortex cells (slide 2930)



Descriptive names are inventions to aid identification, and are not commonly used. [§]name used by Edgar, G (2008) in Australian Marine Life (2nd ed.). Prepared March 2009



Phylum: Rhodophyta; Order: Gigartinales; Family: Kallymeniaceae shot-hole weed; [§]pitted red lettuce

1. plants are rose red to red brown, 100-500mm tall, usually with broad but thin blades arising from a very short stalk, or a single blade, *lobed* above

2. blades are gelatinous, firm when fresh but rapidly *disintegrate*

3. blades centres have a *mix* of small and large holes, blade *edges* small holes only

West Coast S Australia to southern NSW and SE Tasmania

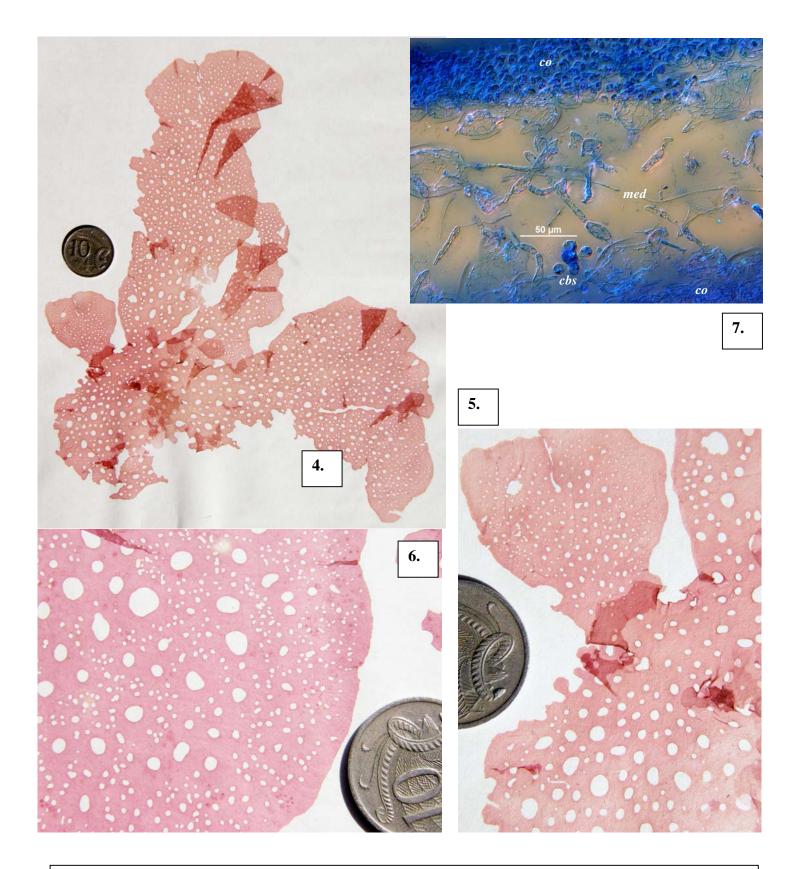
generally in deep water (40m) on calm to rough water coasts

make squashes of tissue of different plants under the microscope to see

- thread like cells developing from the pointed ends of star-shaped (stellate) cells with very thin contents located in the core or medulla
- small, often angular cells in several layers of the outermost parts (cortex)
- numerous, young, amoeba-like female structures (carpogonial branch systems, cbs) in the cortex with dense contents each with 8-16 corkscrew shaped threads (carpogonia and trichogynes)
- scattered tetrasporangia divided in a cross (cruciate) pattern

Kallymenia cribrosa, which has a *mix* of large and small holes *throughout* the blade and

Diagnosis can be difficult



South Australian specimens of Kallymenia cribrogloea Womersley & Norris at different magnifications

- 4.-5. from Muston, American River inlet, Kangaroo I. (A38171)
- 6. from Great Taylor Bay, Bruny I., Tasmania (A35158) on the introduced Screw shell, *Maoriculpus roseus*, showing the mix of hole sizes in the blade middle, but only small holes on the edge, characteristic of this species
- 7. a cross section stained blue and viewed microscopically showing the loose mass of threads in the core (medulla, *med*), a young female structure (*cbs*) and small cells of the outer (cortex) layer (*co*) (A35158 slide 2953)