## Rhipiliopsis peltata (J. Agardh) Gepp & Gepp

Techniques needed, and shape

Classification

\*Descriptive name

Features

Variations

**Special requirements** 

Occurrences Usual Habitat

**Similar Species** 





Phylum: Chlorophyta; Order: Caulerpales; Family: Udoteaceae

stalked felt-plant; <sup>§</sup>Neptune's mat

plants grey-green to green, 20-40mm tall, of a *felty*, flat blade on a *short* stalk

blades may have faint growth zones across the blade

1. view a torn and teased-out portion of the blade to see the entwined threads with forked (dichotomous) branching that are *pinched* (constricted) close to the fork 2. filaments are *slender*, 18-20µm across and occasionally have *side connections* 

S W. Australia to Victoria common on rock in shaded shallow water on rough coasts, to 31m deep

*Rhipiliopsis robusta*, but that species is larger, and the microscopic filaments of which it is composed are 150-200µm across. Also similar to *Avranvillea* but that is larger (80-200mm tall) and its microscopic filaments *do not have side connections*.

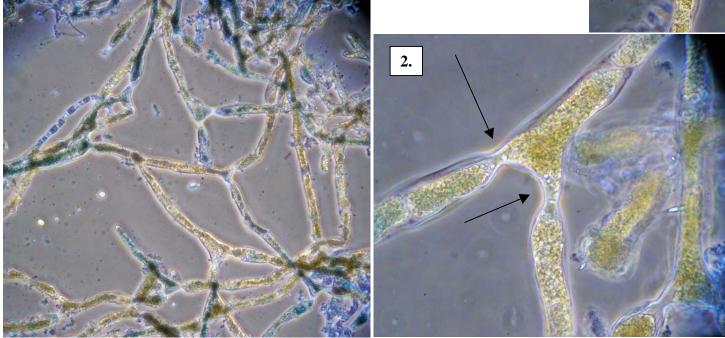
Description in the Benthic Flora Part I, page 248-251, 252

**Details of Anatomy** 





3.



teased threads from preserved (bleached) blades of *Rhipiliopsis peltata* (slide 20536) viewed with phase contrast microscopy

- 1. mass of forked, tangled threads making up the felty blade of the plant
- 2. detail of threads showing the pinched regions (arrowed) near forks
- 3. detail of the ends of filaments showing the cigar-shaped tips that make up the plant surface

*Rhipiliopsis peltata* (J. Agardh) Gepp & Gepp (A37817) from Nora Creina, S. Australia, showing concentric zones on the blade and the short stalk (*st*)



 \* Descriptive names are inventions to aid identification, and are not commonly used <sup>§</sup> name used in Edgar, G. Australian Marine Life, 2nd Ed. (2008) "Algae Revealed" R N Baldock, S Australian State Herbarium, June 2005